## Cross Drainage Works

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- Whenever an irrigation canal intercepts natural drainage, which may be small stream or river or road, a concrete work has to be constructed to pass one above the other such work are known as cross drainage work.
- These works are generally very expensive and should be avoided or be reduced.
- Types of cross drainage works:
- 1. Cross drainage works when canal crosses over drainage (aqueduct).
- 2. Cross drainage works when drainage crosses over the canal (syphon).
- 3. Cross drainage works when a road passes over canal or drain (culvert).

## **Culverts**

- Culverts are cross drainage works constructed to convey the discharge of canal or drain under road or railway.
- **►** Types of culverts:-
- ▶ Pipe culvert.
- Reinforced concrete slab culvert.
- **Box culvert.**
- ► Pipe culvert: it consists of [base, pipe, upper slab and wing wall]. Minimum diameter of the pipe is 0.6 m to help in cleaning and repairing. It is utilized for small discharges.
- Reinforced concrete slab culvert:
- ▶ It is economical up to 8m. Easier in construction, multi uses for ( highway and railway.

- **Box culvert:**
- They are used for square or rectangular opening, the span up to about 4m. The height of vent not exceed 3m and used for large discharges.
- **Example:**

It is needed to design box culvert to pass drain water under road. The drain discharge is 5 cumecs and permissible height of water infront the culvert is 0.2 m, the other details are shown below.